

Standing Committee on Health, Aged Care and Disability Committee Secretariat PO Box 6021 Parliament House Canberra ACT 2600

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Dear Sir/Madam

Stroke Foundation's response to the Standing Committee on Health, Aged Care and Disability Inquiry into the Thriving Kids initiative

Executive summary

Stroke Foundation welcomes the opportunity to provide input into the Standing Committee on Health, Aged Care and Disability Inquiry on the *Thriving Kids* initiative.

Our submission emphasises:

- the need for specialised neurological expertise within the *Thriving Kids* initiative's planning and implementation workforce, as stroke-related disabilities in children (e.g. fatigue, cognitive impairments, and communication difficulties such as aphasia, etc.) are often overlooked, even by trained professionals
- the need for investment in pre-service education on neurological care for doctors and nurses, and culturally appropriate and safe First Nations-led service models for neurological conditions
- the disproportionate impact of neurological conditions on First Nations communities, due to social determinants of health, higher risk factors and limited healthcare access
- the need to establish mechanisms that enable people with a lived experience of disability to fully
 participate in the design and implementation of the *Thriving Kids* initiative
- the need to establish an effective process for disseminating and promoting information about this initiative and the supports it provides widely in the community, so that the greatest number of people are aware of, and are able to utilise and benefit from them.

Survivors of childhood stroke, and their families and carers, often require comprehensive supports that extend beyond disability or medical care. Stroke Foundation currently provides trusted resources and services, including *Our Family's Stroke Journey*, the *Childhood Stroke Project*, the *EnableMe* peer-support recovery website, and the *StrokeLine* telephone support service; however, currently, these are largely funded thanks to the generous support of our donors and partners, and can only reach a fraction of those in need.

Our submission advocates for long-term, sustained government investment in information, advice and resource supports, peer support networks (e.g. <u>Little Stroke Warriors Australia</u>), and capacity-building supports, that help children and families navigate the health, education, and disability systems. Such investment is essential to ensure organisations engaged in the *Thriving Kids* initiative will be able to deliver person-centred, wrap-around supports sustainably, and reach the greatest number of children and families requiring assistance.

About Stroke Foundation and childhood stroke

Stroke Foundation is a national charity that partners with the community to prevent stroke, save lives and enhance recovery. We do this through raising awareness, empowering health professionals to deliver high quality, best-practice care to stroke patients, facilitating research, and supporting survivors of stroke. We advocate for better systems, processes and resources to help health professionals deliver world class stroke care.

Up to 120 babies and 400 children have a stroke in Australia each year.^{1, 2} Stroke is among the top ten causes of death in children³ and the highest risk of childhood stroke is before one year of age.² More than half of childhood survivors of stroke will have a long-term neurological impairment.^{4, 5} The causes of stroke in children are very different from those in adults. The most common risk factors for childhood stroke are arteriopathies (diseases affecting arteries) and congenital heart disease.^{6, 7}

The effects of stroke are different for every child and are dependent on the area of the brain that was injured, and the degree of impairment caused. A child's brain is continuously developing and changing, and the effects of stroke may become more pronounced as a child grows, although in some instances may improve over time. Stroke can cause difficulties with sitting, standing, balancing and walking, and may also cause changes to the way the hand, arm and shoulder move. Changes in communication can also occur after a stroke, and a child may struggle to express themselves or to understand others. Stroke can impact a child's cognition, affecting how they think, learn, remember things and make decisions. Stroke can affect how well a child sees, as well as how they sense and perceive things. Other common post-stoke disabilities include swallowing difficulties, and 'hidden' impairments, such as fatigue, changes in personality, and regulation of behaviour and emotions.

The National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) is one of the most significant social policy reforms in Australian history and is facilitating hundreds of thousands of Australians with disabilities, their carers, and families, to participate more fully in society and the economy. This includes thousands of Australian survivors of stroke. As of 30 June 2025, there were 10,438 survivors of stroke receiving support through the NDIS.⁸ Importantly, however, many other survivors of stroke with disabilities are either ineligible for the NDIS, or face challenges accessing, or fully participating in the scheme.⁹

Therefore, as the voice of stroke in Australia, Stroke Foundation welcomes the commitment of the Australian Government, and state and territory governments, to implement the *Thriving Kids* initiative, to ensure children aged 8 and under with mild to moderate development delay, their families and carers, do not fall between the cracks.

Workforce support and the *Thriving Kids* initiative

For many childhood survivors of stroke, issues such as neurological-based fatigue, and hidden cognitive and behavioural problems, are often missed, while those with communication difficulties (both understanding and speaking) may have trouble communicating needs. Importantly, even trained experts, including health professionals, may not fully appreciate the impact stroke-related disability can have on a child's functional capacity, if they do not have sufficient background knowledge of, and experience with, stroke. Therefore, the Australian and state and territory governments should in invest in the development of a team within the *Thriving Kids* initiative, that specialises in managing participants with neurological conditions, including stroke. Members of this team will have background knowledge of, and experience with, stroke, including experience working in the neurological disability sector, and will understand the many challenges that a child who has had a stroke may have to address in order to function well.

Stroke Foundation is a member of the Neurological Alliance of Australia (NAA), an alliance of over 30 not-for-profit peak or national patient organisations representing adults and children living with progressive neurological or neuromuscular diseases, or neurological disorders, in Australia. A key advocacy priority of the NAA is to address the challenges facing Australia's neurological workforce through a variety of approaches, including the development of a Neurological Nursing Workforce Strategy, to enhance the quality of life of people with neurological or neuromuscular conditions, ensure continuity of care and improve patient and carer outcomes.

First Nations peoples are disproportionately impacted by neurological conditions, including stroke, due to a combination of higher risk factors, limited healthcare access, and social determinants of health. Remote communities often lack specialist neurological services as well as other health workers, and a lack of culturally appropriate care contributes to mistrust in health systems, under-diagnosis, and treatment gaps. Therefore, the NAA is advocating for:

- culturally appropriate and safe First Nations-led service models to be embedded, to improve
 outcomes for First Nations people, strengthen cultural safety across the health system, and ensure
 greater trust in services
- the delivery of pre-service education for doctors and nurses on neurological care to reflect the neurological burden as proportion of the population, as well as targeted training for healthcare professionals to improve diagnosis, treatment, support.

Current supports for childhood survivors of stroke, their families and carers

For most types of supports targeted at the stroke community, it is critical they are developed and delivered by organisations and individuals that have a strong understanding of stroke, stroke-related disability, and the impact this disability has on survivors, their family members and carers.

Supports should be delivered through a variety of channels where possible, including online, phone and in-person (groups or one-on-one), in order to accommodate the wide range of needs and preferences of those in the stroke community.

Outlined below are the types of information, advice, resource and capacity-building supports that childhood survivors of stroke, their families and carers need, some of which are delivered by Stroke Foundation, which as the leading national organisation focused on stroke prevention, treatment and recovery, is a trusted source of information and advice and service provider.

Information, advice and resource supports

A child's stroke is a crisis for most families. Families have little understanding of stroke and disability when stroke occurs. This lack of awareness can make it difficult for families to make decisions and to support their child. In addition, there is often a lack of help and support available, and delays in diagnosis can be another issue faced by many families.

Stroke Foundation is committed to ensuring more Australians impacted by stroke can connect with and access trustworthy information, resources, and post-stroke support. Thousands of Australians benefit from Stroke Foundation's suite of resources and services which are designed to support survivors of stroke, their families and carers, and are provided thanks to the generous support of Stroke Foundation donors and partners. Our childhood stroke resources have been co-designed with Stroke Foundation's *Childhood Stroke Lived Experience Advisory Group*, to ensure they fit the needs of the community they serve.

Our Family's Stroke Journey is part of the *My Stroke Journey* suite of resources, and has everything parents need to know about stroke in babies and children. This free resource includes stories from families, which provide insight into the road ahead, as well as a 'Strokesaurus' which explains medical terms.

The *Childhood Stroke Project* has delivered a wide variety of resources to support childhood survivors of stroke, their families and carers, including information booklets, brochures, posters, podcasts, webinars, videos and articles with tips and advice for parents navigating life after childhood stroke. These codesigned resources are focused on ensuring families of children with stroke have what they need to manage their health and wellbeing, and achieve the best possible recovery for their child.

Stroke Foundation is partnering with the Murdoch Children's Research Institute on the *Paediatric Acute Code Stroke (PACS) study*. Funded by the Medical Research Future Fund, this study is focused on transforming the care of children with stroke by dramatically decreasing time to diagnosis and increasing the number of children receiving reperfusion therapies. A critical component of this study is the presence of **Childhood Stroke Nurse Coordinators** at each of the major children's hospitals around Australia, who

provide comprehensive support to families, including school and community advocacy, and referrals to allied health practitioners and community agencies. Funding for most of these roles will cease at the end of the study. Therefore, it is essential that ongoing funding for Childhood Stroke Nurse Coordinators is secured, to ensure these roles are embedded in each of these hospitals. Importantly, for families whose children experience stroke as babies and may not enter the hospital system due to delayed diagnosis, it is vital they have access to the same level of support in the community, for example through maternal and child health nurses or GPs.

EnableMe is Stroke Foundation's recovery website, which has been co-designed with survivors of stroke and carers. This provides videos, podcasts and fact sheets on a wide range of topics impacting daily life after stroke, a community forum to ask questions and share experiences, a tool to set and track personal goals for recovery, and an online helpdesk to ask questions of Stroke Foundation health professionals. In 2024, more than 89,000 survivors of stroke, their families, carers and health professionals, accessed almost 296,000 pages of information through *EnableMe*.

StrokeLine is a service that provides free expert information, advice, support and referral on stroke prevention, treatment and recovery to the general public and to survivors of stroke, their families, and carers. *StrokeLine* delivers services via telephone, email, social media and *EnableMe*, and aims to equip people to take action as required; however, if the individual contacting the service is vulnerable or at risk, *StrokeLine*'s health professionals coordinate their care and follow-up as needed.

StrokeLine is a highly regarded, trusted service, and in 2024, 90 percent of clients said they would recommend it to someone else. This was similar to 2023, indicating the service delivers a consistent and positive user experience.

We know from our own existing services' data and internal evaluation of the service, that **there is unfulfilled demand for** *StrokeLine*, with the current service unable to adequately meet the needs of specific groups within our community. *StrokeLine* provided information and support to more than 2,500 survivors of stroke, their families, and carers, and the public during 2024; however, this is only a small proportion of the number of Australians who experience a stroke for the first time each year, and are living with stroke in our community.

Importantly, Stroke Foundation can no longer deliver *StrokeLine* from donations alone, and we are calling on the Australian Government to invest in this highly valued service. This will ensure more survivors of stroke, their families and carers, regardless of where they live, are provided with the information, advice and referral supports they need in a timely manner.

Capacity-building supports

Families, in particular parents, play a critical role in a child's recovery after stroke; however, this support can come at a significant personal cost.

Findings from a survey of Australian survivors of stroke and their carers reported that of those carers who were working prior to taking on a carer role, 40 percent reported a moderate to extreme reduction in the amount of work they were able to perform.¹⁰ Almost half (47 percent) of the carers who participated in leisure activities prior to taking on a carer role reported a moderate to severe reduction in the number or type of leisure activities in which they were able to participate. A significant proportion of carers reported moderate to extreme changes in their relationships with family members (20 percent), and with other people outside the family such as friends (32 percent).¹⁰

Navigating life after childhood stroke, in particular the complex health and education systems, can be challenging for survivors and their families. Many of these challenges stem from a lack of understanding of brain injury in children, and how the injury impacts their abilities, behaviour and needs. This is particularly the case for children with 'hidden' disabilities such as fatigue.

Many childhood survivors of stroke face barriers to an inclusive education, where they are welcomed by their school and supported to reach their full potential. There are requirements for schools and teachers to make reasonable adjustments for students with disabilities; however, parents are still reporting that they are having to fight for accommodations such as the right of their child's therapist to come into school and work with them in the classroom.

Parents of childhood survivors of stroke have described taking their children to the GP after they have experienced seizures, or weakness on one side of their body, only to be dismissed as 'paranoid parents' and told to go home. This has resulted in their child missing out on critical early treatments. Therefore, there is a clear need for training and resources to improve GP understanding of stroke, particularly awareness of stroke in babies and children.

As a consequence of all of these pressures, families and carers of survivors of stroke commonly experience a decline in their own physical and mental health and a reduced quality of life.¹¹⁻¹³

Parents of childhood survivors of stroke have explained the significant impact taking on a carer role has on their wellbeing. Many are juggling paid work and their caring responsibilities, because they have been told their child is not 'disabled enough' for them to qualify for a carers payment, and their caring role is part of their 'parental responsibility'. As unpaid carers, parents are often not eligible for the same benefits as professional or paid carers. For example, a professional carer who accompanies a child with a disability to a hospital appointment is able to claim the cost of hospital parking, while a parent who accompanies their own child to an appointment is unable to claim this. Parents have spoken about the toll all of these pressures take on relationships, and of the need for more publicly funded mental health supports for carers, including relationship counselling.

Capacity-building supports, including peer support and supports that help families better understand their children's rights, and develop the skills they need to advocate for them, can help in dealing with these challenges post-stroke.

Peer support

For many families and carers of childhood survivors of stroke, the emotional impact of stroke is often the hardest to deal with, and connecting with others affected by stroke can be an important step in helping to rebuild their life. Peer support groups for survivors of stroke and carers can offer therapeutic benefits including empowerment and inspiration, a sense of belonging, learning new ways to cope, feeling helpful, feeling secure, being able to express feelings, and a sense of increased agency and independence.¹⁴

There are stroke support groups across Australia, powered by survivors of stroke, and their families and carers, who want to see the benefits of peer support made available to as many people as possible. Some groups cater for everyone in a local area, while others are focused on particular age groups or interests. These groups provide a safe and supportive space where survivors of stroke, their families and carers are able to come together to share experiences, build friendships, learn more about stroke and self-care, try new things and build confidence, as they embark on their journey post-stroke.

<u>Little Stroke Warriors Australia</u>, which is part of Stroke Foundation, is a support group for childhood survivors of stroke, their families and carers. This group provides survivors, families and carers with a supportive community to help steer them through the journey of stroke recovery, and raises awareness of childhood stroke, to make sure all children affected get the treatment and care they need, and that their families are well supported.

Australian and state and territory government investment is needed to ensure the benefits of peer support are available to as many Australian family members and carers of childhood survivors of stroke, as possible.

Self-advocacy and rights awareness

Unfortunately, many childhood survivors of stroke face a variety of attitudinal, physical, communication, social and policy barriers, which make it challenging for them to participate in everyday life, access the services they need, and succeed in education. There are many national and state and territory based organisations that are focused on supporting and advocating for the rights of people with disability, including survivors of stroke. Stroke Foundation advocates to Australian governments for policy and systems changes to better serve the needs of the stroke community. We have also worked closely with advocacy organisations in the disability sector to successfully support individual survivors of stroke with a range of issues.

There are families and carers for whom the ability to articulate their child's needs and make informed decisions about the support necessary to meet those needs, is vitally important. A number of organisations in the disability sector provide workshops and other modes of training, which equip individuals with the skills and knowledge to effectively advocate for their child in a variety of contexts, such as the health or education systems.

Australian and state and territory government investment in disability organisations with a strong track record and expertise in self-advocacy training and mentoring is needed, to ensure the families of childhood survivors of stroke who want to develop the requisite skills and rights awareness to advocate for their children, are able to receive the training and support they need.

Summary

In summary, Stroke Foundation strongly supports Australian and state and territory government investment in the *Thriving Kids* initiative. As outlined in this submission, there are numerous national and state and territory based organisations, including Stroke Foundation, that are delivering quality information, resource and capacity building supports to meet the needs of children aged 8 and under with mild to moderate development delay, their families and carers. The participation of many of these organisations in this initiative will be important to its success, and it is critical the Australian and state and territory governments ensure that:

- these organisations have access to long-term funding, which will ensure they are able to deliver these supports in a sustainable way
- there are mechanisms in place to enable people with a lived experience of disability to participate in the design and implementation of these supports
- there is an effective process for disseminating and promoting information about these supports
 widely in the community, so that the greatest number of people are aware of, and are able to
 utilise and benefit from them.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback as part of this Inquiry.

Yours sincerely

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